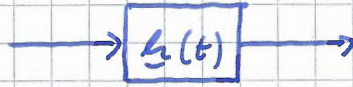


Systems

Filtering of signals

- linear time invariant system with impulse response $\underline{h}(t)$



$$\underline{s}(t)$$



$$\underline{S}(\omega)$$

$$\underline{e}(t) = \underline{h}(t) * \underline{s}(t)$$

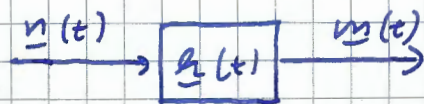


$$\underline{E}(\omega) = H(\omega) \underline{S}(\omega)$$

- transfer function

$$\underline{H}(\omega) = \mathcal{F}\{\underline{h}(t)\}$$

Filtering of Noise, Time Domain



$$R_{mm}(t) = E\{m^*(\tau) m(\tau+t)\}$$

$$= E\left\{ \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h^*(\tau') n^*(\tau-\tau') d\tau' \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h(\tau'') n(\tau+t-\tau'') d\tau'' \right\}$$

$$= E\left\{ \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h^*(\tau') h(\tau'') n^*(\tau-\tau') n(\tau+t-\tau'') d\tau' d\tau'' \right\}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h^*(\tau') h(\tau'+\tau''') \underbrace{E\{n^*(\tau-\tau') n(\tau+t-\tau'-\tau''')\}}_{R_{nn}(t-\tau''')} d\tau' d\tau'''$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h^*(\tau') h(\tau'+\tau''') d\tau'}_{\text{autocorrelation function}} R_{nn}(t-\tau''') d\tau'''$$

autocorrelation function

$$\begin{aligned} R_{nn}^E(\tau''') &= h(\tau''') \circledast h(\tau''') \\ &= h^*(-\tau''') * h(\tau''') \end{aligned}$$

$$= R_{nn}^E(t) * R_{nn}(t)$$

Filtering of Noise, Frequency Domain

- energy density spectrum

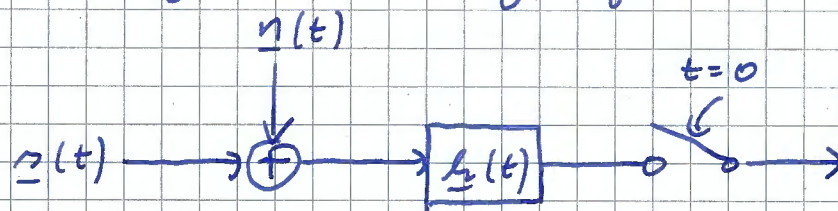
$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{F}\{R_{uu}^E(t)\} &= \tilde{F}\{h^*(-t) * h(t)\} \\ &= H^*(\omega) H(\omega) \\ &= |H(\omega)|^2\end{aligned}$$

- power density spectrum of the noise

$$\begin{aligned}S_{mm}(\omega) &= \tilde{F}\{R_{uu}^E(t) * R_{nn}(t)\} \\ &= |H(\omega)|^2 S_{nn}(\omega)\end{aligned}$$

Signal-to-Noise Ratio (SNR)

- filtering of a noisy signal



- signal power at filter output

$$S = \left| \underline{h}(t) * \underline{x}(t) \right|_{t=0}^2$$
$$= \left| \mathcal{F}^{-1} \{ \underline{H}(\omega) \underline{S}(\omega) \} \right|_{t=0}^2$$

$$= \left| \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \underline{H}(\omega) \underline{S}(\omega) d\omega \right|^2$$

- noise power at filter output

$$N = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} S_{nn}(\omega) d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |\underline{H}(\omega)|^2 S_{nn}(\omega) d\omega$$

- signal-to-noise ratio

$$\gamma = \frac{S}{N} = \frac{\left| \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \underline{H}(\omega) \underline{S}(\omega) d\omega \right|^2}{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |\underline{H}(\omega)|^2 S_{nn}(\omega) d\omega}$$

- special case: white noise $S_{nn}(\omega) = N_0$

$$\gamma = \frac{\left| \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \underline{H}(\omega) \underline{S}(\omega) d\omega \right|^2}{\frac{N_0}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |\underline{H}(\omega)|^2 d\omega}$$

Matched Filter

Find the transfer function $H(\omega)$ which maximises the SNR γ !

- Schwarz inequality

$$\gamma = \frac{\left| \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} H(\omega) \underline{s}(\omega) d\omega \right|^2}{\frac{N_0}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |H(\omega)|^2 d\omega}$$
$$\leq \frac{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |H(\omega)|^2 d\omega \cdot \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |\underline{s}(\omega)|^2 d\omega}{N_0 \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |H(\omega)|^2 d\omega}$$

- equality, i.e., maximum SNR for

$$\underline{H}(\omega) \sim \underline{s}^*(\omega)$$

$$\underline{h}(t) \sim \underline{s}^*(-t)$$

\Rightarrow matched filter performs a correlation with $\underline{s}(t)$

- maximum SNR

$$\gamma_{\max} = \frac{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |\underline{s}(\omega)|^2 d\omega}{N_0} = \frac{\text{energy of the signal}}{\text{noise power density}}$$

\Rightarrow the energy, not the power of the signal $\underline{s}(t)$ is crucial