

Maximum Likelihood Estimator

## Parameter Estimation

- parameter vector (e.g. directions of arrival):

$$\theta = \begin{pmatrix} \theta_1 \\ \vdots \\ \theta_k \end{pmatrix}$$

- observation vector (e.g. received vector):

$$\underline{e} = \begin{pmatrix} e_1 \\ \vdots \\ e_N \end{pmatrix}$$

- system model (likelihood function):

$$p(\underline{e} | \theta)$$

- estimation problem:

determine an estimate  $\hat{\theta}$  of the parameter vector  $\theta$  based on the observation vector  $\underline{e}$



## Maximum Likelihood Estimator

- maximum likelihood estimator:

$$\hat{\theta} = \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmax}} \{ p(\underline{e} | \theta) \}$$

- additive noise:

$$\underline{e} = \underset{\substack{\text{noise} \\ \text{(nonlinear) function}}}{f(\theta)} + \underline{n}$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmax}} \{ p(\underline{n} = \underline{e} - f(\theta)) \}$$

- special case white gaussian noise:

$$\hat{\theta} = \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmax}} \left\{ \frac{1}{\pi^N \sigma^{2N}} e^{-\frac{\|\underline{e} - f(\theta)\|^2}{\sigma^2}} \right\}$$

$$= \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmin}} \{ \|\underline{e} - f(\theta)\|^2 \}$$

$\Rightarrow$  nonlinear least squares (NLS)

- linear function:

$$f(\theta) = \underline{F} \cdot \theta$$

$\hookrightarrow$  matrix

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmin}} \{ \|\underline{e} - \underline{F} \cdot \theta\|^2 \}$$

$$= \underline{F}^+ \cdot \underline{e}$$

$\hookrightarrow$  pseudoinverse

$\Rightarrow$  (linear) least squares (LS)



## Example: Source Signal Estimation with Known Directions of Arrival

- known directions of arrival  
=> known array manifold matrix  $\underline{A}$
- linear system model

$$\underline{c} = \underline{A} \cdot \underline{x}_{RP} + \underline{n}$$

- least squares estimate

$$\hat{\underline{x}}_{RP} = \underline{A}^T \cdot \underline{c}$$